AUTHOR/ DIRECTOR: Joe Simpson

1) THE SITUATION AT THE BEGINNING OF THE TEXT: Who are the central characters? Where are they? What is their central situation?

CENTRAL CHARACTERS	QUOTES/DIALOGUE TO SUPPORT THIS IDEA
Joe Simpson Joe describes himself and mountaineering men and women like himself who defy boundaries of safety and venture into dangerous activities that most people do not try. Joe enjoys his own solitude- foreshadows that he can survive in his own company.	"The dreamers of the day are dangerous are dangerous men, for they may act their dreams with open eyes, to make it possible." T.H Lawrence: The <i>Seven Pillars of Wisdom</i> Opening Prologue " I relished the moment when I could be entirely alone." p.16 "It feels menacingly remote and exhilarating at the same time." p.18 Joe's climbing log: 19 May, 1985
Simon Yates Calculated but unfazed about difficult situations: calm and reasoned. Can make difficult decisions when he needs to, foreshadowing his ability to put his life's survival before others if necessary.	"I don't think it's (the weather) anything like as bad as it seems." "I envied Simon, his carefree take it as it comes attitude." p.19 "He had the force to take what was his for the taking, and the freedom of spirit to enjoy it without grumbling worries and doubts." p.19
Joe trusts Simon. Joe has chosen Simon specifically because he is an experienced mountaineer who matches his own climbing ability but also because he is so good to get along with.	"He was an easy friend: dependable, sincere, ready to see life as a jokea touch of madness that makes which makes just a few people so special." p.19 "There were few other people I could have coed with for so long." "Simon was keeping to steady pace that matched mine." p.20 "If a climber has to slow his natural pace to that of his companion, the unfit climber will soon find himself struggling to keep up." p.20
Richard Hawking Richard is an adventurer in his own way: going to new, foreign countries, travelling on his own, experiencing cultures in dangerous circumstances; at times ignorantly expecting that he (and others) will survive each situation	Simon and I had found Richard resting in a sleazy hotel in Lima, halfway through his six- month exploration of South America." p.17 "He had lived off grubs and berries with pygmies wile dug-out canoeing through the rain forests of Zaire." p.17 "His travelling companion was shot dead by trigger-happy soldiers in Uganda." p.17 "Usually he travelled alone to see where chance encounters in alien countries would take him." p.17
Acts as a "watchman" over the camp and gear while Joe and Simon are climbing.	"an entertaining watchman in camp to keep an eye on the gear." p.17 "He then remembered a second lake on the maphe managed to get a place in the adjoining pigstythe high altitude lice enjoyed their best feed in a long time." p.18

THE SETTING (WHERE CHARCTERS ARE: TIME AND PLACE)	QUOTES/DIALOGUE TO SUPPORT THIS IDEA INFORMATION
The text begins on May, 19 th , 1985 in the Cordillera (a mountain range) in the Peruvian Andes.	"We were in the middle of the Cordillera Huayhuash, in the Peruvian Andes, separated from the nearest village by twenty-eight miles of rough walking." p.15
Joe Simpson and Simon Yates are intending to climb, the so far "unconquered" West Face 21,000-foot, Siula Grande. - The fact that the mountain had not been climbed successfully since 1936, indicates that it is a technically difficult climb.	The majestic 21,000-foot Siula Grande lay behind Sarapo (Cerro Sarapo: visible mountain in front of base camp) and was not visible." "It had been climbed for the first time in 1936 by two bold Germans via the North Ridge. There had been few ascents since then, and the true prize , the daunting 4,500-foot West Face had so far defeated all attempts." p.16
There is a huge avalanche risk evident in this area, even from base camp.	"Just being cautious about avalanches." (Joe) p.19
Joe and Simon conduct practice climbs to acclimatize to the altitude: Rosaio Norte, unclimbed South Ridge of Cerro Yantauri and South Ridge of Seria Norte- although both men never summit these practice mountains, indicating that they will choose life and safety over potential injury and death when climbing.	"Tomorrow we would start an acclimatization climb up Rosario Norte. If fir enough at the end of ten days, we would attempt the unclimbed West Face of Siula Grande." p.18 Rosario Norte: "It was an unspoken understanding that the summit would be left out this time." p.23 "The sky in the east persuaded us to leave the South Ridge of Yantauri for another day." p.23
The men keep their objectives clear : make decisions to stay focused on the main goal .	"We managed to laugh at the waste of effort and wondered what Richard would think of our third failure to reach the summit." p.25 "But we were fit, acclimatized and ready now for our main objective- the West Face of Siula Grande." p.25
The men have decided to stop smoking for the climb, to ensure their maximum fitness level; increasing their performance and chance for survival.	"I began to enjoy the exercise, feeling fitter and stronger than I thought I would." p.20 "Despite my earlier protests at Simon's suggestion that we should take no cigarettes to base camp, I could feel my lungs working hard in the thin cold airI was forced to agree that it might be wise to stop during this expedition." p.20

THE SITUATION (WHAT ARE THE	QUOTES/DIALOGUE TO SUPPORT THIS
CHARACTERS DOING/WHAT IS THEIR	IDEA
SITUATION)	
Joe and Simon build up their physical energy	"For two whole days, we gorged ourselves on
with food: a good store of nutrition for the next	food." p.25
days' climbing.	"I began to feel spasms of fearwhat if
Joe is naturally afraid of their climb but views	something went wrong? It wouldn't take much
this as a healthy response: better to be	to kill us off. I saw ho very much alone we had
realistic than ignorant of the dangers.	chosen to be and felt smallIt was healthy to
	be a little scared, and good to sense my body
	responding to fear." p.25
Joe sykes himself with positive talk to	"We can do itwe can do itI kept repeating
overcome his fears.	like a mantra (chant) whenever I felt that
	hollow hungry gap in my stomach." p.26
Both men try to cut down on weight but they	"Despite all our efforts to cut down on weight,
are carrying a huge amount of gear that they	the rucksacks were going to be a heavy
view as a necessity but also a climbing burden.	burdenthe bivvi tent was far too
Their equipment is suitable for the climb, apart	cumbersome; we decided to leave it behind
from a bivvi tent that is left behind (this may	and rely on finding good snow holes instead."

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be regretted later). The men plan the timeline for their climb: for	p.26 "Four days you reckon?" (Richard) "Five on the
themselves but also for Richard who is waiting for them; they joke about the possibility of not	outside. And it were not back in a week, you'll be the proud owner of all our gear." p.26
returning (indicating that it is a possibility).	"We know what we're doing and if something
	goes wrong there is nothing whatever you can
The men try to memorise their route down so	do." (Joe) p.26 "We looked back at our route so as to fix the
that they don't fall into dangerous terrain and	features in our mind. Neither of us wanted to
get lost getting to base camp. This will be	forget it on the way down." p.28
important information for their descent. The temperatures early in the morning and	"It was coldI struggled with zips and gaiters
after the sun goes down, are very cold. This	until my fingers would not work." p.29 "Ten
makes it difficult for the men's bodies to function properly.	o'clockminus fifteen temperature." p.35
The men are skilled and get into a rhythm on	"Head down, keep looking at your feet, swing, swing, hop, look at your feetall the way up a
the ascent. It is initially enjoyable.	smooth 150 feet, no effort, no headache, feeling
	on top of the world." p.30
During the day, the temperatures, combined with the physical exercise are high.	"The sun was fully up; jackets and tops were in the sacks." p.31
Joe notices the brittle, crumbling nature of the	"The ice was harder and more brittlelarge
ice as they ascend and it is difficult to place his ice-axe into.	chunks of ice that were breaking away from my
ice-axe into.	axes." p.32 "Twenty feet of rtted honey- combed ice." p.34
There is running water under the ice.	"Water was running under the ice." p.33
The ascend becomes more dangerous: not	"We had to find the steep ice coulair which ran
being able to find the couloir (best route), overhanging snow cornices, rock fall and	up to the side of the buttresswe had under six hours to find it." p.31-32
difficult climbing make the task more	"Some of the cornices overhung the West Face
challenging.	by as much as forty feet and we were directly under their fall line. Suddenly the day seemed
	less casual." p.32
	"Rocks! I yelled, ducking down and away.
	Heavy blows thudded into my shoulderthe boulder about four-foot square, swept below
	me directly at him (Simon). p.33
	"Thrashed about me, breathing quick,
	frightened gasps of effort before I could pull myself out on to the easy snow slopes above
	the coulair." p.35
Joe and Simon bivvi in what seems like a	"It would be quite adequate for a night's
perfect snow cave. However, Joe is nervous, remembering a near-death experience with Ian	sleepit was solid and gave us no reason to think it might be unsafe." p.37
Whittaker in the French Alps; the men fell	"I felt myself drop swiftly as I went
down a "2,000 foot abyss" attached to the wall of their snow cave that had fallen away.	plummeting down the 2,000 foot abyss below." "We hung on that fragile rope for twelve
of their show cave that had fallen away.	formidable hours." "Eventually our shouts
	were heard and a rescue helicopter succeeded
Ian Whittaker never climbed again, but Joe did:	in plucking us from the wall." p.39 "Iandesire to climb had been destroyedI
indicating he has the perseverance to	was lucky, or stupid, and got over my dread-
overcome fear, difficult circumstances and	except when it came to bivouacs." p.39
traumatic memories. Towards the summit the men have to climb up	There was a formidable barrier of tooth-
huge serracs (flutings of snow). Doing so,	shaped serracs with no apparent way through
icicles fall down on Joe, splitting his lip and	them." p.41
cracking his tooth; he perseveres through this injury.	"A hundred weight of icicles smashed down on to my head and shouldersthe sharp pain of a
	split lip and a cracked tooth." "You're lip's
	bleeding," he (Simon) said flatly."" "It's nothing." (Joe) p.44-45
The terrain and conditions are foreign to the	"South American mountains were renowned for
men making it difficult to gauge a safe climbing	these spectacular snow and ice creations, whose
response.	powder snow seemed to defy gravityridges

	turned into tortured unstable cornices of huge
	sizeon any other mountains the powder would
	have swept on down and only formed on much
	easier-angled slopes. p.45
Joe's feet slip on the difficult terrain, ascending	"My left foot slipped and the crampon point
up the mountain, foreshadowing the fall that	skittered on the rock. I hated this sort of delicate
will take place on the descent.	balanced climbing but I was committed to it now
-	no going back." p.46
The men realise that they are not going to	"Four hours to climb 300 hundred feet. I
make the summit by the end of the second day.	seriously doubted whether we would be able to
	get up these flutings." p.47
Simon gets the first stages of frost-bite on one	"I think my little finger is frost-bitten. It's white
of his hands. The temperature continues to	down to the hand." p.48
drop.	"wind chill temperature down nearer to minus
drop.	
	forty." p.48
There unexpected second night, bivving on the	"How much gas have we got left?" I asked. "One
ascent is problematic because they may not	tin." (Simon) "We haven't got much fruit juice lef
have enough gas to boil water for the entire	either. Just one packet." (Joe) "Enough for one
climb: ascent and descent.	more bivvi, that's all we need." (Simon)
Joe Simpson and Simon Yates reach the summit	"Summitwe took off our sacks and sat on them.
of the previously unclimbed West Face of Siula	p.52 "I felt the usual anti-climax if you succeed
Grande.	with one dream, you come back to square one
Joe feels a sense of anti-climax as he knows	and it' not long before you're conjuring up
he will now need to seek out a ne climbing	another, slightly harder, more ambitious- a
challenge.	bit more dangerous." p.53
A bad storm hits the summit and the men must	"The clouds closed in on us after half and
quickly descend. Visibility is almost non-	hourten minutes later we were lost in the
existent.	white-out." p.54
At the beginning of the descent, Simon falls	"The ropes ran unchecked through my wet icy
through a cornice of snow, trying to get to the	gloves for a few feet then tugged sharply at my
ridge: a near-death event, indicating that the	harness." (Joe) p.55 "There was no warning. No
descent may be more life-threatening than the	crack. One minute I was climbing, the next I was
account may be more me un catching than the	
ascent	falling" (Simon) "I shivered at the thought of
ascent.	falling." (Simon) "I shivered at the thought of what had happened if I had moved up with him-
ascent.	what had happened if I had moved up with him-
ascent.	what had happened if I had moved up with him- it would have taken both of us." (Joe)
ascent.	what had happened if I had moved up with him- it would have taken both of us." (Joe) "When he did finally stop, he was hanging in
ascent.	what had happened if I had moved up with him- it would have taken both of us." (Joe) "When he did finally stop, he was hanging in space." (Joe) p.56 "I had to think it out before I
ascent.	what had happened if I had moved up with him- it would have taken both of us." (Joe) "When he did finally stop, he was hanging in space." (Joe) p.56 "I had to think it out before I realized you had held my fallI was hanging
ascent.	what had happened if I had moved up with him- it would have taken both of us." (Joe) "When he did finally stop, he was hanging in space." (Joe) p.56 "I had to think it out before I realized you had held my fallI was hanging thirty feet above the ridge linewhen I finally go
ascent.	what had happened if I had moved up with him- it would have taken both of us." (Joe) "When he did finally stop, he was hanging in space." (Joe) p.56 "I had to think it out before I realized you had held my fallI was hanging

2) THE CONFLICT/PROBLEM: What is happening to place the characters in a difficult circumstance? What is the problem? What conflict/s arise?

What conflict/s arise? THE CONFLICT/S OR PROBLEM/S	QUOTES/DIALOGUE TO SUPPORT THIS
	IDEA
Joe refers to the space surrounding Siula Grande as "the void."	"the clouds which had closed <u>over the void</u> again several hundred feet below us." p.58
Joe feels anxiety about what may happen on their descent but sees this as the normal nerves felt in their dangerous situation.	"As I climbed up to rejoin his tracks it occurred to me that I had felt a moment of anxiety only minutes before Simon had fallen." p.58 "The descent was already far more serious
Simon has frostbite.	than we had reckoned." "Two of Simon's finger's were frostbitten." p.61 "Falling over the cornice had shaken both of us." p.62
The men have planned to use the last of their gas bottle on the final morning of their descent.	"We only had enough gas for two drinks in the morning, but that should be enough." p.62 "The image of the two of us falling helplessly
The men have a near fall, roped together.	down the East Face, still roped together, had all too nearly come true." p.62
Simon had witnessed a fatal accident in the French Alps: two Japanese climbers were killed together; there was nothing he or his climbing partner could do.	"The year before he (Simon) had witnessed just such a terrible accident at the Croz Spur, high in the Mont Blanc range of the French Alps. Two Japanese climbers had fallen to their deaths from close to where he stoodHe had seen the falling leader jerk and twist and, without a sound, pull his partner into the voidThe two men plunged down, roped together, helpless." p.62-63 "There was nothing they could do for the two men, who would never have survived the fall, and the quickest way to get news to the rescue services would be over the summit and down into Italy." p.63
Simon had to recover from the trauma of his climbing in the French Alps.	A day later he (Simon) was his normal self again: an experience absorbed, Shelved in his memory, understood and accepted, and left at that." p.64
The men use the last of their gas bottle and know they will have no more water, until the glacial lakes below.	"There would be no more water until we got down to the lakes below." p.65
Joe's ice axe slips from its placement as he is descending the ice-wall. Both knees lock as he hits the slope and he shatters his right knee joint. He is unable to climb any further and believes that he will die on the mountain.	"As the hammer came out there was a sharp cracking sound and my right hand, gripping the axe, pulled down. The sudden jerk turned me outwards and instantly I was falling." p.71-72 "Both knees locked as I struck it (the slope). I felt a shattering blow in my knee, felt bones splitting, and screamed." "Simon would be ripped off the mountain." "grotesque distortion in the right knee, twisting the leg into a strange zigzag." p.72 "It wasn't just broken, it was ruptured, twisted, crushed, and I could see the kink in the joint and knew what had happened. The impact had driven my lower leg up through the knee joint." p.73 Dying had seemed so far away, yet now everything was tinged with it." p.73

"We were above 19,000 feet, still on the ridge, and very much aloneI looked at the small rise I had hoped to scale quicklyI would never get over it. Simon would not be able to get me up it. He would leave me. He had no choice." p.73 "For and age, I felt overwhelmed at the notion
of being left." p.74 "I've broken my leg." (Joe) "He had an odd air of detachment. I felt unnerved by it, felt suddenly quite different from him, alienatedPity. Pity and something else; a distance given to a wounded animal which could not be helped." p.74 "In an instant an uncrossable gap had come between us and we were no longer a team working teacther." p.75
working together." p.75 "You're deadno two ways about it!" "I accepted without question that I could get off the mountain alone." p.76 (Simon's thoughts) "I was amazed to see that Joe had started traversing away from the cliffHe moved so slowly." p.77 (Simon's thoughts) "I couldn't help him, and it occurred to me that in all likelihood he would fall to his death. I wasn't disturbed by the thought In a way I
wasn't disturbed by the thought. In a way I hoped he would fallI had no idea how I might help him. I could get down. If I tried to get him down I might die with him. It didn't frighten me. It just seemed a waste. It would be pointless. I kept staring at him expecting him to fall." p.79 (Simon's thoughts) "I started after him." p.78 (Simon's thoughts)

3) CHARACTERS' SURVIVAL TECHNIQUES/ACTIONS:

What do the characters do to survive?

CHARACTERS' SURVIVAL QUOTES/DIALOGUE TO SUPPORT THIS IDEA TECHNIQUES/ACTIONS Joe hangs suspended over the cliff's edge in "With each gust I was getting colder." p.98 darkness. He is slowly freezing. The pressure of the harness on my waist and thighs had cut off the circulation and both legs felt numb." p.98 "Twinges of fear lurked round my mind but Fear and a sense of extreme exhaustion overcomes Joe. even these were fading as it crept through me." p.98 "I felt so tired; sleepy tired, and weak." p.99 Ioe resolves that he will die. He is also aware of "I stopped shouting at Simon. I knew he was in Simon's precarious position and that with his the same position as e. unable to move." p.99 weight, Simon will be pulled from the "Either he would die in his seat or be pulled mountain. from it by the constant strain of my body." p.99 "He would be colder than me." Joe's apathy about death sets in and he "Each thought of death, of mine or his, came remembers a fellow climber. Toni Kurtz, whose quite unemotionally...I was too tired to care. Perhaps if I was scared I would fight harder." will to live on a mountain, was constant to the p.99 very end. This memory is a direct contrast to Joe's willingness to succumb to the inevitable. "I accepted that I was to die. There was no alternative. It caused me no dreadful fear." p.107 "Toni Kurtz had fought and fought when he was dying on the Eiger. He had never once stopped fighting, and he had dropped suddenly dead on the rope still fighting to live. Rescuers had watched him die." p.99 Ioe does not want Simon to die because of his "I hope Simon doesn't die, that's hard...he injury and circumstance; he does not believe shouldn't have to die for me." p.99 that this is fair. "Anger surged through me. It warmed me, shook Joe's anger sets in and he curses the situation, me, driving the cold off in a tirade of obscenities the weather and his own weakness. and frustrated tears." p.100 Joe feels responsible for Simon's outcome. "Everything came down to me. It was *my* knee that was smashed. *I* had fallen, and *I* was dying, and Simon with me." p.100 "We had made such fast progress. Efficient. I felt Simon reflects on his and Joe's efforts to get proud about it...especially with Joe digging the down the mountain and sees the process of events as admirable and successful. He also seats for me...Wonder whether I would have admires Joe's resilience in the midst of pain. done that? Who knows? p.101 (Simon) Simon knows that loe has fallen and that he "Joe's fallen...Whatever Joe had gone over had stopped him getting his weight off the rope." can not help him; Joe's weight is too heavy. p.101 (Simon) "I couldn't hold the weight much longer." p.101 "I kept stamping my feet. I was trying to halt the Simon is slowly slipping from the mountain. He is also extremely cold. collapse of the seat but it wasn't working. I felt the shivers of fear...I can't gold it, can't stop it. God I had to do something." p.102 (Simon) "I was shaking with cold." (Simon) "The knife. The thought came out of nowhere. Of Simon remembers his knife and almost without hesitation, secures his position on the course, the knife. Be quick, come on get it." mountain and cuts the rope. Immediately he "It needed no pressure. The taut rope exploded feels the weight of Joe, leave him. at the touch of the blade." p.103 (Simon) "I was alive and at that moment that was all I could think about. Where Joe was, or whether he was alive, didn't concern me in the long silence of the cutting. His weight had gone from me." p.102 (Simon)

"Had I killed him...I felt numb, freezing cold and

How do they try to get themselves out of this problem/conflict/difficult circumstance?

Simon is tormented by what he has done. He questions his judgment and rationalizes that he had no other choice, if he was to survive himself.	shocked into a numbed silence." p.103 "Plagued with endless thoughts which turned madly upon themselves, sleep was impossible." p.104 (Simon) "I wanted to question what I had done. It seemed necessary to prosecute myselfI was actually pleased that I had been strong enough to cut the ropeA lot of people would have died before getting it togetherI was still alive because I had held everything together right up to the last moment." p.105 (Simon) "I should feel guilty. I don't. I did right." p.105
Simon is extremely dehydrated (24 hours since last drink of water) but has no gas to make liquid. He has built a snow cave to rest in for the night but barely sleeps	"It was nearly twenty-four hours since I had taken a drinkI smelt the water in the snow around me and it maddened mean insistent craving for liquid." p.105 (Simon)
Simon prepares for the day's descent alone but believes (calmly) that he too will die.	"I was in no hurry to start down and was certain it would be my last day." p.106 (Simon) "My fear had gone and I was quiet. I felt cold and hardI was as ready as I would ever be." p.107 "I was about to die." p.107 (Simon)
Joe recalls his fall and his break through the crevasse. He is astounded when he hits the edge that he is alive and laughs at this fact.	"I fell. Like something cam alive, the rope lashed violently against my face and I fell silently, endlessly into nothingness." p.108 (Joe) Now the crevasse! AhhNO!Bursting electric flashes in my eyes as I heard, but never felt, the air rushing from my body." p.108 "Alive!laughed again, a real happy laugh." p.109 "Behind me I felt my legs against a slope of
Joe realizes he has landed on a ice ledge and secures himself to the crevasse wall with an ice screw and the rope.	snowI was on a ledge, or a bridge." p.109 "After several abortive attempts suddenly I found that I had tied a series of knotsI clipped it to the ice screw, smiling foolishly into the darkness." p.110
Joe calls out to Simon and then considers that	"Simon!Dead? I couldn't conceive of him dead,
he may be dead. He can not bare this thought. Joe lights up the crevasse with his torch and sees that there is 100 feet of space (at least) below him. He feels trapped.	not now, not after I had survived." p.111 "I searched in my rucksack for the spare torch battery I knew was thereI switched on the beam By the light I could see down into 100 feet of spaceI felt trapped and looked quickly for some break in the walls. There was noneOnly the small black hole aboveunless I climbed the blocks it was unreachable as the stars." p.112
Joe thinks that his only hope is if Simon comes to rescue him and then considers that Simon might be dead. He understands that Simon will think he is dead.	"I could only think of Simon. He was the only chance of escape, but somehow I was convinced that if he was not dead, then he would think that I wasYou can't fall that far and survive. That's what he would think." p.113
Joe is immensely angry at his predicament.	"I swore again and kept swearingI screamed frustration and anger until my throat dried and I could shout no more." p.113
Joe pulls the rope to him and realizes Simon has cut it. He cries, truly believing that he will die in the crevasse.	"Did he fall with me? Find outpull the rope." p.113 "I drew the slack rope to me, and stared at the frayed end. Cut! I couldn't take my eyes from it." "I turned off the torch and sobbed quietly in the dark, feeling overwhelmed. I cried in bursts, and between them listened to the childlike sounds
Joe has no hope that Simon will come to rescue him.	fade beneath me, then cried again." p.114 "Acceptance seemed betterSimon would leave me for dead." p.114
Joe tries to climb out of the crevasse but his injury is excruciating and he can not lift himself.	"I made four attempts to climb the vertical ice wallI would not try again."

CHARACTERS' SURVIVAL TECHNIQUES/ACTIONS	QUOTES/DIALOGUE TO SUPPORT THIS IDEA
Joe decides to belay himself down deeper into the crevasse, to find an opening.	"I already knew that I wasn't going through that madness againthrew the rope down to the rightI let myself slide off the edgeIf there was nothing there (on the ledge) I didn't want to come back." p.116 (Joe) "There was no trace of our passing. The night
Simon recollects how the weather had closed in on their tracks as he descends.	had swept it clean." p.117 (Simon) "I could have moved quicker, but somehow there didn't seem any pointI wanted to do this thing with clam and dignity." p.118 (Simon)
Simon is shocked to see that he lowered Joe into a huge crevasse. He imagines how terrible this would have been.	"It wasn't until I had descended half the rope's length that I glanced down and saw the crevasseI stared at the endless black depthsJoe had undoubtedly fallen into the crevasse. I was appalledI shut my eyes tightly and pressed my forehead against the taut rope." p.120 (Simon) "I might as well have put a gun to his (Joe's) head." p.118 (Simon)
Simon almost wishes that he and Joe were still fighting to survive on the mountain and that maybe Joe had died in this process. At least then Simon would have been 'courageous' to the end.	"Everything had changed so much. I almost wished it were still as bad. At least then I would be fighting for something. I would have reasons to justify my survival and his end." "If I hadn't cut the rope, I would most certainly have died." p.120 (Simon) "Yet having saved myself, I was now going to return home and tell people a story that few
Simon calls into the crevasse but resolves that Joe must be dead. He does not go back for a second look.	would ever believe. No one cuts the rope! " "Joe!" I shouted, but the sound echoed into the blacknessI turned away, suppressing the thought of going back for a second look." p.121-122 (Simon)
Simon is hungry, dehydrated and weak. Even if he wanted to come back for Joe with a search party, it would be days before his return.	"The lack of food and water in the last twenty- four hours had taken its tollI wondered whether I would even get back to base camp. It would take days to eat, rest, and recover enough to mount a rescue attempt." p.122 "When I was strong enough to return he would have died some desperate lonely death in the ice. 'Yes. It's the best way.' I whispered." p.122 "The descent had become a confused blur of endless boulder fields, burning midday sun, and the thirst." p.124 (Simon)
Simon finds water. Simon considers not telling people that he cut the rope; who would know otherwise?	"Wet screeI saw that there was not enough flow to satisfy my carving thirst." p.124 "Why tell them that you cut the rope? They'll never know otherwiseJust say he fell down a crevasseYeah1 Tell them we were unropedHe's dead. How he died isn't important. I didn't kill. It's lucky I'm here at allso why make it worse. I can't tell the
When Simon meets Richard, he explains the truth of what has happened. He feels doing otherwise would dishonor Joe's attempts to survive.	truth." p.125 (Simon) "I saw Richard slowly walking towards me'Joe's dead''Yeah he fell,' I said flatly." p.127 (Simon) "Without realizing I was doing it. I told Richard exactly what happened. I could have done nothing elseNot to have done so would have saved me hurtI could not say Joe had fallen

	from a glacier, not after he had been through so much trying to survive." p.128
	"We talked no more of Joe." p.128 (Simon)
Joe is afraid as he lowers himself further into	'The desire to stop abseiling became almost
the crevasse.	unbearable." p.130 (Joe)
	"The torment of anticipating something
	unknownI hung shaking on the rope with my
Joe sees a light in the roof of the crevasse. He is	helmet pressed to the ice." p.131 (Joe) "A pillar of golden light beamed diagonally
determined to get out of there.	from a small hole in the roof, spraying bright
	reflections off the far wall of he crevasse."
	p.132
Los is determined to get out of the groupses	I knew without absolute certainty. How I
Joe is determined to get out of the crevasse.	would do it, and when I would reach it were not considered. I just knew. In seconds my
	whole outlook had changedThe twelve
	despairing hours I had spentseemed
	suddenly to have been nothing like the
	nightmare I ha imagined." p.133
	"I could crawl and climb, and keep on doing
Because Joe has a goal, he is able to overcome	so until I had escaped from the grave." p.133 "Now I had a plan." p.133
his fear and his pain.	"The change in me was astonishing. I felt
•	invigorated, full of energy and optimism. I
	could see possible dangers, very real risks that
	could destroy my hopes, but somehow I knew I
He continues to have doubts; which he must	could overcome them." p.133 "For a brief moment I wondered whether I had
fight.	been deluding myself with the idea that I could
	possible reach the sun aboveThe menace was
	my imagination but I couldn't stop it playing in
	my mind." p.135
	"I dug my ice-axes deep into the snow above
	me and then hauled myself up the snow with my armsmy knee throbbed painfully." p.136
Joe feels as though he has had a second chance	"My head popped up through the snow roof
at life.	and I stared gopher-like at the scene outsideI
	lay against the snow numb with relief. I felt as
	if I had been fighting someone too strong for
	me for far too longI had succeeded beyond my wildest hopes."
The reality sets in, that Joe has not overcome	"I was 200 feet above the glacier and six miles
the worst of the journey back to base camp.	from base campI almost believed that I would
	be allowed to escape." p.140
	" I had never been so entirely aloneI was
	committed. The game had taken over and I
	could no longer choose to walk away from it." p.141
Joe refers to "the voice" as his determination;	"It was like there were two minds within me
his logical mind edging him on.	arguing the toss. The voice was clean and sharp
	and commanding. It was always right, and I
	listened to it when it spoke and acted on its decisions. The other mind rambled out a
	disconnected series of images." p.141
	"I had to get to the glacier." p.141
Manageable goals help Joe to cover the terrain.	"Eventually I managed to unhook the spikes." "The <i>voice</i> , and the watch, urged me into
	motionI kept movingthe <i>voice</i> told me to
	reach that point in half an hour. I obeyed.
	reach that point in half an hour. I obeyed. Sometimes I found myself slackingI was told
	reach that point in half an hour. I obeyed.
Joe presents his hopes: his mother/grandmother praying for him.	reach that point in half an hour. I obeyed. Sometimes I found myself slackingI was told that I must reach the prescribed spot in time."

T 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Joe sings a song to cover the distance, in the	"I sang lyrics of a pop song incessantly to the
timing of his footsteps.	tune of my crawling." p.145
	"A cold, clinical side of me assessed everything,
	decide what to do and made me do it."
	"Events passed in slow motion, and thoughts
	became so confused I lost all sense of time
	passingTen minutes later the voice would
	jolt me back to realityI passed like a ship
	passes an iceberg. I drifted slowly by." p.145
	"The voice I banished the mad thoughts from
	my mindGo on, keep goingfaster. You've
	wasted too much time. Go on before you lose the
	tracksthe voice said I would lose my way, said
	I would never get through the crevasses
	without the prints."" p.147
Joe is concerned that the falling snow will hide	"Fresh falling snow!The snow and wind
their previous climbing tracks.	would hide the footprints."
Simon tries to deal with the reality that Joe is	"Joe had been dead thirty-six hoursthere was
dead.	a hollow ache inside ; which no food could
	fillhe was gone and there was nothing I could
	do about it." p.150-151
The mountainous area becomes detestable to	"I hated the place for its cruelty and for what it
Simon; everything is tainted with the loss of	had made me do. I wondered whether I had
Joe.	murdered him." p.151
Simon tries to death with Joe's death through a	"I spent a long time by the pool, cleaning my
ritual cleansing and burning of Joe's clothes.	clothes and picking the sunburn from my face.
incual cleansing and burning of joe 3 clothes.	It was a peaceful cleansing ritual and my
	despair gradually faded." p.151 (Simon)
	"I knew once I had accepted it, I could tell
	others. They would never know what it had
	been likethe healing process had started."
	"Another drawn out session of picking,
	cleaning and inspecting followed. It was
	wonderfully restorativeIt was a luxury and a
	balm. Feet, fingers, face, hair, chest and legs- all
	got the treatment." p.152 (Simon)
	"I gathered all the things I wanted to give his
	parents." p.152 (Simon)
	"I ignored what climbing equipment he had left
	behind."
	"He (Richard) fetched some petrol and we
	burnt the clothes in the river bed."
Richard is a great support to Simon, providing	"Richard made a hot meal and endless cups of
food, hydration and encouragement.	tea." p.152 (Simon)
Joe is beginning to hallucinate: remembering	"I recited a soliloquy from Shakespeare over
things from his past. He also believes that	and over again." p.153 (Joe)
Simon and Richard are following him at one	"I realised how desperately thirsty I was."
point (but that they are embarrassed at his	"Where had the rest of the day gone? Was this
condition).	due to lack of food and water?I needed to
	consume at least one and a half litres of fluid
	each day, just to combat the dehydration of
	altitude Food did not worry me. I wasn't
	hungryEating snow quenched the dryness in
	my mouth for a short timeIt wasn't possible
	to eat enough snow to stave off that urgent
	need for liquid." p.150-151 (Joe)
Joe can not find their original trail.	" I crossed and re-crossed my tracksI sat up
_	and searched intently for some remembered
	landmark in the snows aheadthere were no
	more crevasses." p.158-159
Joe makes it to the rocks.	"All those rocks!"
	"My memory was working fine." p.160 (Joe)
	"Somehow I couldn't get its insistent chant out
	of my mindBrown girl in the ringTra la la la

Joe protects his knee from further injury and the pain of falling by wrapping it in his sleeping mat.	<i>la.</i> "I wrapped it (the sleeping mat) twice around my kneewith a strap from my crampons I buckled it tight on to my upper thigh." p.161 "There was no question of crawling. Walking was also out, so it would have to be hoppingI was hunched over like an arthritic
Setting time goals passes the monotony, pain	pensionerwith all my weight on the axe I made a violent hop forwardmy axe shaft would slip on a loose rock and send me tumbling half-way through a hop, or I would land on some scree and fall sideways into the boulders." p.162 "I forgot why I was doing it; forgot even the
and dilusions.	idea that I would probably make it. Running on instincts that I never suspected were in meI timed myself religiouslyI looked ahead to a landmark and gave myself half an hour to reach itit felt so damned important to beat the watchthe watch became as crucial as my
	good leg."
Joe finally gets water.	"Half a mouthful of gritty waterI caught it in my throat and I coughed explosively."
	"The moraines were as lifeless as the glacier."
He realizes that time goals are pivotal to make	"I stopped timing landmarks and set my sights
pace.	on Bomb Alleywhen it became dark I had no
	idea how far Bomb Alley waswithout
	checking my watch I had lain in stupefied
	exhaustion." p.166
Simon can not leave the area. He does not	"Why did I feel strongly against moving, there
know why.	was nothing to gain." p.168 (Simon)
Richard convinces him to leave the next	"We'll go first thing in the morning." p.168
morning.	(Simon)
Joe finally makes it to the camp and crawls into	"The previous hours of despair had been
the latrine.	forgotten." p.177 (Joe)
	"There was a high fecal smell gutting round
	me." p.186
	"SIIIMMMon" p.186

4) THE OUTCOME Are the characters' survival techniques/actions successful? What is the outcome of the character/s situation?

THE OUTCOME- What happens to	QUOTES/DIALOGUE TO SUPPORT THIS IDEA
the character/s?	
* Do they survive?	
Joe sees the light of the tent come on.	"I thought at first it was an electric flash in my headIt kept on glowing, red and green, pulsing colours into the black night." p.187 "A spray of yellow light suddenly cut from the
Simon screams out to Joe. The men find Joe and Simon swears a lot.	colours in a wide cone'The tents!! They're still here'" p.187 (Joe) "Joe! Is that you? JOE!" (Simon) "Help meplease help." "His (Simon's) words tumbled out in an obscene litany, expletives said for no reason, a meaningless stream of obscenities, with Richard hovering, nervous, scared of the pain." p.188
Joe has nothing left: no energy, no resilience. Simon can not believe that Joe is alive.	"Dyingcouldn't take it anymore. Too much for metoo muchthought it was overplease help." (Joe) p.188 "He knelt by my side staring at me, and I could see

	a confusion of pity, and horror, and alarm fighting
	in his eyes." p.189
Joe thanks Simon for trying to get him	"I smiled at him, and he grinned back." p.189
down the mountain.	"Thanks, Simon," I said. "You did rightThank
	you, I said again, knowing it could never tell him
	what I felt." p.189
	"You saved my life you know. It must have
	been terrible for you that night. I don't blame
	you. You had no choice. I understand that, and
	I understand why you thought I was dead. You
	did all you could have done. Thanks for getting
	me down." p.192 (Joe)
	"There were tears on his cheeks: "Honestly, I
	thought you were dead. I was sure of itI couldn't
	see how you would possibly have survivedI
	wish I'd have stayed longerjust believed you
	could still be alive. It would have saved you so
The man lovel of the feat that less has	much." p.193 (Simon)
The men laugh at the fact that Joe has	"I've burnt all your clothes!""I thought you
no clothes- Simon (and Richard)	weren't" p.189-190 (Simon)
burned them.	"He (Simon) burst out laughing at the expression
	on my face, and I laughed with him." p.190
	"Hours went by without us noticing, and the tent filled with a babble of voices blurting out our
	stories." p.190
	"At every gesture, a touch on the arm, a look, an
	intimacy we would never have dared show before
	and never would again." p.190
Richard cooks food and Simon makes	"Endless cups of tea given with concernSimon
	forced me to finish the porridge as Richard
Joe eat it.	prepared fried egg sandwiches."
	Eat it! Simon said sternly." p.190
	"He had suddenly become stern and efficient."
	"We'll have to get you out of here quickly." p.191
	(Simon)
	"I (Joe) need rest and food. I can't cope two days
	on a mule straight away." p.192 "You'll just have
	too. There's no question about it. It'll be three
	days before you get to a hospital. You've got
	frostbite, as well as the leg, and you're exhausted.
	If you leave it any longer, it will get infected."
	p.192 (Simon)
	"He (Richard) hesitated by the stoveHe moved
	to my side and held my leg gingerly below the
	knee." p.191
	"The leg was a bloated stump stained yellow and
	brown, with livid purple streaks running down
	from the knee. There was no discernable
	difference between my thigh and my ankle." p.191
	"It's bad," Simon muttered"You've broken your
	heel as well." p.191
	"Simon, I'll never be able to cope with the mule.
	You don't know how weak I am." p.195 (Joe)
	"It'll be all right. We'll help you." p.195 (Simon)
Joe reflects on his situation now that he	The moment I knew help was at hand something
is back at camp	had collapsed inside me. Whatever had been
I	holding me together had gone. Now I could not
	think for myself, let alone crawl! There was
	nothing to fight for, no patterns to follow, no
	voice, and it frightened me to think that without
	these, I might run out of life." p.195 (Joe)
Joe rides the donkey back to	"The next two days were a blur of exhaustion and
civilisation	painSomehow I managed not to fall."
	"Simon mothered me down through the bad

	times, walking back and forth on the trail, goading the donkey driver to increase his pacewalking close by when sleep and weakness threatened to topple me from the saddle " p 195–196 (Joe)
The party are asked to help transport a man who is badly injured on their truck to a hospital	topple me from the saddle." p.195-196 (Joe) "We all turned to examine the old mangrimacing with painthe man's legs were smashed. I had a brief glimpse of two distorted legs, ripped open raw wounds, blood stains, and the deep angry purple colour of infection." p.197 (Joe) "Bad. He (the man) hasn't a hope!" p.197 (Simon)
Joe talks of his experiences in the hospital in Lima	"The hospital was frightenly out of date by our standards." p.198 (Joe) "I lay there for two indescribable days without food, painkillers or antibiotics until my insurance was confirmed by telex and they deigned to operate on me." p.198 (Joe) "Wait until you get home, for the love of God, don't let them do itDarkness slipped over the lights and slowly all muffled down to silence." p.199
Ten years later Simon writes in his version of the story about the events that led to the accident, how it was inevitable considering their errors	"Only with hindsight could I see that there had been a build-up to that moment. During the days before we had made many errors of judgment. We had not eaten or drunk enough and carried on climbing long after nightfall. By doing so, we had allowed ourselves to become cold, exhausted and dehydrated." p.204 (Simon)
Joe reflects after ten years on the mistakes and errors made and how their youthful inexperience led to the accident	"We hadn't allowed ourselves enough gas to keep us adequately hydrated. Our small canister between the two of us per day was simply inefficient. So as to save weight, we had pared everything down to a minimum. It left us no room to manoeuvre when things started to go drastically wrongIf we had done that (dug a snow cave, slept and started the next day) we would have seen and avoided the ice cliff, and remained in control." p.204-5 (Joe)
Simon reflects on his decision to cut the rope.	"All my agonizing after cutting the rope had not changed anything. My decision had been right; we had both survivedI know that my decision would be the sameUltimately, we have to look after ourselves, whether in the mountains or in day to day lifethat is not a licence to be selfish, for only taking good care of ourselves are we able to help others. Away from the mountainsthe price of neglecting this responsibility might be a marriage breaking down, a disruptive child, a business failing or a house repossessed. In the mountains the penalty for neglect can often be death." p.206 (Simon)
Joe writes a final word on why he needed to tell the story to show that Simon did nothing wrong	"I wrote this book in the hope that, by telling the story straight, it might nip in the bud any harsh or unfair criticism of Simon." "We are fallible and accidents happen. I suppose the trick is to anticipate all the possible consequences of what you set out to do so that, if things go wrong, you are better to stay in control." p.206 (Joe)